

High-Fidelity Pfu

Product Handling Guide

Shipping	On Dry/Blue Ice
Catalog numbers	MDX003
Batch No.	See vial
Concentration	2 U/ μ L

Store at -20°C



Storage and stability:

High-Fidelity Pfu is shipped on dry/blue ice. On arrival store at -20°C for optimum stability. Repeated freeze/thaw cycles should be avoided. Thawing during transportation does not affect the product performance. Solutions should be mixed/equilibrated after each thawing to avoid phasing.

Expiry:

When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, full activity of the kit is retained until the expiry date on the outer box label.

Safety precautions:

Read and understand the SDS (Safety Data Sheets) before handling the reagents. Hardcopies of the SDSs will be provided with the first shipment, thereafter they will be available upon request.

Quality control:

Meridian operates under ISO 13485 Management System. The High-Fidelity Pfu and its components are extensively tested for activity, processivity, efficiency, sensitivity, absence of nuclease contamination and absence of nucleic acid contamination.

Notes:

For research and further manufacturing use only.

Description

High-Fidelity Pfu is a high-fidelity DNA polymerase, supplied with separate 10x Pfu Reaction Buffer and MgCl_2 . The 3' - 5' proofreading exonuclease activity of High-Fidelity Pfu has an error rate of 3.0×10^{-6} and generates blunt-ended amplicons up to 5 kb in length making it ideal for high yields in NGS library amplification.

Kit components

Table 1

Component
High-Fidelity Pfu
Pfu Reaction Buffer, 10x
50 mM MgCl_2 Solution

Users Guidelines

The Pfu Reaction Buffer, 10x comprises of 600 mM Tris-HCl, 60 mM $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$, 100 mM KCl, 20 mM MgSO_4 , pH 8.3 at 25°C .

The Mg^{2+} concentration in the 1x Pfu Reaction Buffer is 2 mM, this is the optimum concentration for High-Fidelity Pfu for most PCR reactions and should only be adjusted if necessary.

Forward and reverse primers are generally used at the final concentration of 0.2-0.6 μM each. As a starting point, we recommend using 0.4 μM final concentration (i.e. 4 pmol of each primer per 20 μL reaction volume).

For DNA templates with low structural complexity, such as plasmid DNA, we recommend using 50 pg - 10 ng DNA per 50 μL reaction volume. For eukaryotic genomic DNA, we recommend a starting amount of 200 ng DNA per 50 μL reaction, this can be varied between 5 ng - 500 ng.

PCR reaction set-up

Prepare a master mix of High-Fidelity Pfu and assay-specific primers (see recommended composition in Table 2).

Table 2

Reagent	Volume	Final Concentration
Pfu Reaction Buffer, 10x	2 μL	1x
Template	As required	As required
50 mM MgCl_2 Solution	Optional	Optional
100 mM dNTP Mix	0.2 μL	1 mM
20 μM Forward Primer	0.4 μL	400 nM
20 μM Reverse Primer	0.4 μL	400 nM
High-Fidelity Pfu	0.4 μL	0.05 U/ μL
Water (ddH ₂ O)	$\leq 20 \mu\text{L}$	

PCR amplification

The PCR conditions in Table 3 are suitable for amplicons of up to 1 kb.

Table 3

Step	Temperature	Time	Cycles
Initial denaturation	95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	3 min	1
Denaturation	95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	15 s	25-35
Annealing	User determined	15 s	
Extension	72 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.5 - 30 sec/kb	
Final extension (optional)	72 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	4 - 10 min	1

For multiplex PCR we suggest using 55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ as a starting annealing temperature. If further optimization is required we recommend using a temperature gradient to determine the optimal annealing temperature needed for the multiplex PCR. Since multiplex PCR generally requires a longer extension step, we suggest starting with a minimum of 90 s and increasing it if required.

Related Products	Cat. No.
High-Specificity Pfu HS Mix	MDX006
Glycerol-Free High-Fidelity Pfu (HC)	MDX203
NGS High-Fidelity Pfu Buffer, 10x	MDX038
dNTP Mix, 100mM (Lithium)	MDX051
dNTP Mix, 100mM (Sodium)	MDX084

Technical Support

For any technical enquiries, please contact our Technical Support team via email at: mbi.tech@meridianlifescience.com